

**Math Virtual Learning**

# **Algebra 2/Honors Algebra 2**

**April 22, 2020**



Lesson: April 22, 2020

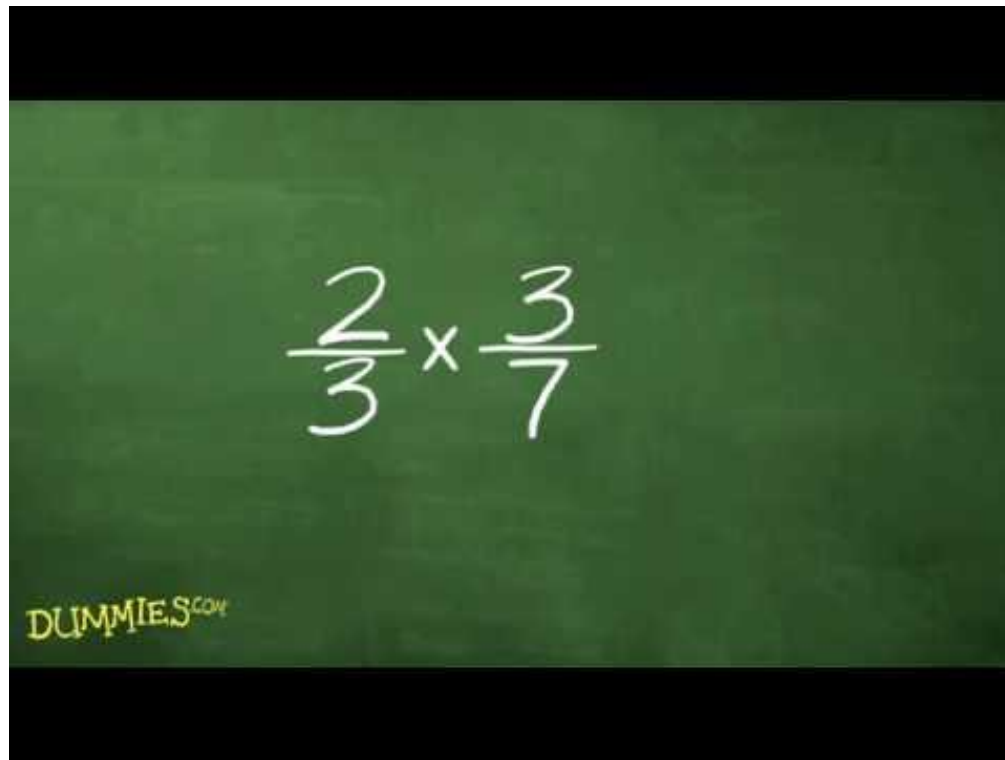
**Objective/Learning Target:**  
Students will multiply rational expressions.

## Let's Get Started:

What do you remember about multiplying fractions?

$$\frac{2}{4} \times \frac{3}{6}$$

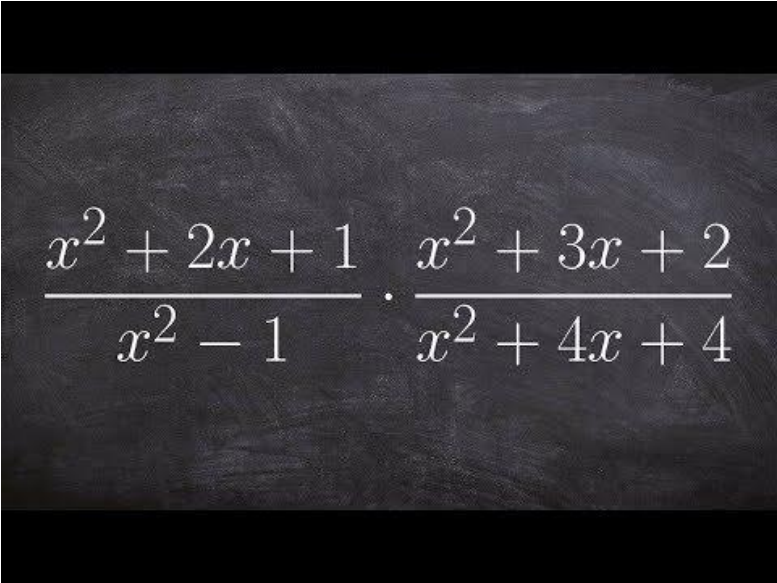
Watch Video:



Today you will learn how to multiply rational expressions that look like

$$\frac{45x^2}{x-9} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 5x - 36}{3x^3 + 12x^2}$$

Watch the video working through the above example. Take notes so you can refer to them later.

A chalkboard with a dark, textured surface. The equation is written in white chalk. The first fraction has a numerator of x^2 + 2x + 1 and a denominator of x^2 - 1. The second fraction has a numerator of x^2 + 3x + 2 and a denominator of x^2 + 4x + 4. The two fractions are separated by a multiplication dot.
$$\frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 1} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x^2 + 4x + 4}$$

# Steps for Multiplying Rational Expressions:

(write this down)

- **Factor everything**
- **Identify the domain** (this is the restricted values for  $x$ )
- **Cancel** (only if the factor is the same on the top and bottom)
- **Write out the simplified answer** (what is left after canceling)

# Let's look at example #1:

(write this down)

Problem:

Step 1: Factor

Step 2: Find the domain by setting the factors in the denominator equal to zero

Step 3: Cancel

Step 4: Write out the simplified answers

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^2 - x}{2x^2 + 13x - 7} \cdot \frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{x^2 + 2x - 3} \\ & \frac{x^2 - x}{2x^2 + 13x - 7} \cdot \frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{x^2 + 2x - 3} \\ & = \frac{x(x-1)}{(2x-1)(x+7)} \cdot \frac{(2x-1)(x+3)}{(x-1)(x+3)} \\ & = \frac{x(\cancel{x-1})(2x-1)(\cancel{x+3})}{(2x-1)(x+7)(\cancel{x-1})(\cancel{x+3})} \\ & = \frac{x}{x+7} \end{aligned}$$

## Let's look at example #2:

(write this down)

Problem:

Step 1: Factor

Step 2: Find the domain by setting the factors in the denominator equal to zero

Step 3: Cancel

Step 4: Write out the simplified answers

$$\frac{x^2 - 4x - 45}{x^2 + 10x + 25} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 3x - 10}{x^2 - 11x + 18}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 4x - 45}{x^2 + 10x + 25} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 3x - 10}{x^2 - 11x + 18}$$
$$= \frac{(x+5)(x-9)}{(x+5)(x+5)} \cdot \frac{(x-2)(x+5)}{(x-2)(x-9)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+5)(x-9)(x-2)(x+5)}{(x+5)(x+5)(x-2)(x-9)}$$

= 1

Restrictions:

$x \neq -5, x \neq 2$  or  $x \neq 9$

# Multiply Rational Expressions Practice:

On the same sheet of paper, multiply/simplify the following practice problems.

$$23) \frac{x^2 - 10x + 25}{10x - 100} \cdot \frac{x - 10}{45 - 9x}$$

$$24) \frac{45x^2}{x - 9} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 5x - 36}{3x^3 + 12x^2}$$

$$25) \frac{8v - 56}{8v + 48} \cdot \frac{v^2 + 9v + 18}{8v^2 + 24v}$$

$$26) \frac{9r^3 - 54r^2}{9r^2 + 45r} \cdot \frac{9r^2 + 9r}{9r^3 - 54r^2}$$

$$27) \frac{m + 1}{3m - 15} \cdot \frac{8m - 80}{m^2 - 9m - 10}$$

$$28) \frac{6n + 6}{n + 9} \cdot \frac{n^2 + 6n - 27}{6n + 6}$$



# Answer Key:

Once you have completed the problems, check your answers here.

$$23) \frac{x^2 - 10x + 25}{10x - 100} \cdot \frac{x - 10}{45 - 9x}$$
$$-\frac{(x-5)}{90}$$

$$24) \frac{45x^2}{x-9} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 5x - 36}{3x^3 + 12x^2}$$
$$15$$

$$25) \frac{8v - 56}{8v + 48} \cdot \frac{v^2 + 9v + 18}{8v^2 + 24v}$$
$$\frac{v-7}{8v}$$

$$26) \frac{9r^3 - 54r^2}{9r^2 + 45r} \cdot \frac{9r^2 + 9r}{9r^3 - 54r^2}$$
$$\frac{r+1}{r+5}$$

$$27) \frac{m+1}{3m-15} \cdot \frac{8m-80}{m^2-9m-10}$$
$$\frac{8}{3(m-5)}$$

$$28) \frac{6n+6}{n+9} \cdot \frac{n^2+6n-27}{6n+6}$$
$$n-3$$

## Additional Practice:

Click on the links below to get additional practice and to check your understanding!

[Multiplying Rational Expressions Example 1](#) - video

[Multiplying Rational Expressions Example 2](#) - video

[Multiplying Rational Expressions Example 3](#) - video

Multiplying Rational Expressions Practice - [worksheet](#) and [answers](#)